Anti-smoking concert held

It’s been an exciting few weeks for the Russian American Dental Association (RADA) since the non-profit officially kicked off its annual Oral Cancer/Tobacco Cessation Project. Since 2008, the group has held free oral cancer screenings as well as a Kids 4 Kids Anti-Smoking Drawing Contest for children in kindergarten through eighth grade in New York City.

This year, the organization expanded its programs, setting up extra oral cancer screenings in Queens and New Jersey as well as a fundraising concert that was held on April 27. Piano students from YM Studio performed at Young Musicians for a Smoke Free Planet at Jazz in the Lincoln Center to a packed room of proud parents and other attendees.

Playing at Jazz is an honor, as it is a well-known performance space that features prominent jazz and blues musicians such as Eric Clapton, Herbie Hancock and Lynda Carter. The Edward John Noble Foundation Studio consisted of talented pianists in elementary, middle and high school who wanted to display their hard work while playing for a charitable cause. The goal of the event was to inform children of the dangers of cigarette use and encourage conversation between kids and their peers.

The concert was a fundraiser, with more than $1,000 in proceeds going toward RADA’s many initiatives that seek to prevent children from smoking and support dental wellness. RADA President Dr. Rada Sumareva spearheaded the event and was happy with the results. “RADA is glad to reach out to kids and families and make them aware of how to maintain their health,” she said.

Pieces from Beethoven, Mozart, Rachmaninoff and Bach were played, just to name a few. Throughout the afternoon, the room was filled with flawlessly executed tunes that portrayed a mix of moods, from upbeat to sad and everything in between. There were different levels of expertise; with the younger kids playing

Regenerative dentistry

Behind the therapeutic promise of the stem cells found in teeth is the work of scientists such as Paul Sharpe, PhD, a pioneer in research that promises to expand regenerative dentistry. Sharpe is the Dickinson Professor of Craniofacial Biology and head of the Department of Craniofacial Development at the Dental Institute, King’s College London. He also serves as an advisor to Provia Laboratories, which provides Store-A-Tooth dental stem cell banking. This service enables families to collect and preserve the stem cells from their children’s teeth for future use.

Sharpe has earned an international reputation for his research into using stem cells to grow new teeth. He has demonstrated in animal studies that a natural tooth, together with its associated bone, root and nerves, will grow from a

‘Gateway to Good Health’

The theme of the Florida Dental Association’s annual meeting is intended to place a focus upon all the opportunities that dentists have to influence a patient’s overall health. Read on for a taste of what awaits you in the Sunshine State. (Photo/FLDA)
Each pianist received enthusiastic attentively throughout the show. Though the audience was filled with to perform pieces by some of the performers. Later Dr. Sharpe and his team received the William J. Gies Award for best paper published in JDR that year in the category of bio-materials and bioengineering.

Sharpe has noted the particular advantages that human dental stem cells offer in taking this research further. Unlike human embryonic stem cells, they are plentiful and raise no ethical issues—a potential source becomes available every time a tooth is lost or dental surgeon pulls a loose baby tooth or a molar; unlike bone-marrow stem cells, dental stem cells do not require an additional invasive procedure to obtain; and dental stem cells can be preserved for the donor's own use, eliminating the chance of rejection if used later for the donor. Moreover, leading-edge research in regrowth jawbone and treat periodontal disease.

In 2004, for example, he and his colleagues reported in the Journal of Dental Research (JDR) that they had used stem cells to grow teeth in mice. The stem cells used in that work were not human dental stem cells but rather mouse embryonic stem cells and bone-marrow derived stem cells. Even so, as the editor of JDR said in a commentary, "Clearly, the future for regenerative and tissue-engineering application to dentistry is one with immense potential, capable of bringing quantum advances in treatment for our patients." Later Dr. Sharpe and his team received the William J. Gies Award for best paper published in JDR that year in the category of biomat-erials and bioengineering.

To be sure, it will be some years before there is no one removing a mouthful of dentures at night to place them in a cup on the bedside table. Yet the work of Sharpe and other investigators has brought another option into view.

During experiments in growing new teeth remain early-stage research, other applications of dental stem cells have already been demonstrated in human studies. These cells have been successfully used to regrow jawbone and treat periodontal disease.

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